

**Rules and Regulations and  
Code of Ethics of the  
New South Wales  
Deerstalkers Association Inc.**



**Dedicated to Conservation and Management**



## THE ASSOCIATION EXISTS:

- (a) To promote a greater interest in deer and deer hunting.
- (b) To encourage support for deer conservation.
- (c) To arrange talks and films about deer, other wildlife and hunting for club meetings.
- (d) To arrange trophy displays and other functions.
- (e) To gather and distribute information to club members about deer and deer hunting.
- (f) To assist club members by organising party hunting trips both in Australia and overseas.
- (g) To prepare and conduct courses of instruction to educate members in hunting, bushcraft, survival, ecology, care of equipment, preparation of trophies and firearm safety awareness.
- (h) To maintain a liaison with overseas associations.
- (i) To prepare material on deer, deer hunting and deer management for release to the media in all forms.
- (j) To encourage wildlife photography.
- (k) To raise funds to further the objects of the Club
- (l) To affiliate and associate with all ethical bodies formed in Australia and overseas concerned with deer, game management and others appropriate.
- (m) To establish and encourage Research and Management bodies to conduct all aspects of research and management on selected species of deer.
- (n) To establish areas for management control of selected deer species.
- (o) To attempt to acquire selected species of deer for management and research programmes.
- (p) To work in conjunction with private landholders, local State and Federal Authorities and other bodies to bring about a better understanding between hunters and the people who control the land.
- (q) To establish deer management programmes under the control of a Government Authorised Body.
- (r) To establish an effective method of communication to all members for education and the improvement of member relationships.

- (s) To establish an effective method of communication to all outside persons, bodies and authorities for the better education and understanding of our objectives.
- (t) To establish club premises and facilities for the exclusive use of club members and their visitors.
- (u) To organise target shooting events so that members become more proficient in marksmanship and therefore better prepared when going on hunting trips and generally promote firearms safety.
- (v) To do all other things as are conducive or incidental to the attainment of the above objectives.

## RULES AND CONSTITUTION OF THE NEW SOUTH WALES DEERSTALKERS ASSOCIATION INC.

### PART I PRELIMINARY

#### Interpretation

1. (1) In these rules, except in so far as the context or subject-matter otherwise indicates or requires —
  - “secretary” means —
    - (a) the person holding office under these rules as secretary of the association; or
    - (b) where no such person holds that office — public officer of the association;
  - “special general meeting” means a general meeting of the association other than annual general meeting;
  - “the Act” means the Association Incorporation Act, 1984;
  - “the Regulation” means the Associations Incorporation Regulation, 1985.
- (2) In these rules —
  - (a) a reference to a function includes a reference to a power, authority and duty; and
  - (b) a reference to the exercise of a function includes, where the function is a duty, a reference to the performance of the duty.
- (3) The provisions of the Interpretation Act, 1897, apply to and in respect of these rules in the same manner as those provisions would so apply if these rules were an instrument made under the Act.

### PART II MEMBERSHIP

2. The Association shall consist of;
  - (1) ORDINARY MEMBERS
 

Any natural person over the age 18 years of age who subscribes to the objectives of the Association, is of good fame and character and has been accepted as a member as provided in rules 3 and/or 4.



(2) FAMILY MEMBERSHIP

Any immediate family group comprising husband and wife or de facto couple or sole parent and any children whether natural, adopted or wards provided that;

- (a) Each individual member of a family group meet the membership requirements of ordinary or junior membership.
- (b) A family membership shall be entitled to only one vote at any meeting of the Association.

(3) JUNIOR MEMBERS:

Members of the Association who are above the age of 12 years and under the age of 18 years. Junior members shall not;

- (a) Serve as an officer of the Association
- (b) Be appointed, or elected to the committee of the Association
- (c) Be appointed or elected to any sub committee of the Association
- (d) Vote at any meeting of the Association
- (e) Participate in any association activity unless accompanied by a member
- (f) Be liable to pay Levies, subscriptions or due's other than determined by the committee or sub committee

(4) HONORARY MEMBERS

On the recommendation of the Committee, Honorary Members may be elected at any General Meeting of the Association. A three quarters majority of those members present shall be necessary at such election. Honorary Members may be elected for life or for such other period as the General Meeting may deem expedient and they shall only be entitled to those privileges of membership as deemed by the Committee without paying the annual subscriptions, levies or dues.

(5) LIFE MEMBERS

On the recommendation of the Committee an ordinary member may at the Annual General Meeting, for outstanding contribution or services rendered to the Club, be elected by a 75% majority to the position of Life Member. Life Members shall thereafter be entitled to all

the privileges of Membership without paying the annual subscription levies or dues with the exception of subscriptions levies or dues due in regards to any scheme or project which remain payable in full.

**Membership qualifications**

- 3. A person is qualified to be a member of the association if, but only if —
  - (a) the person is a person referred to in section 15(1)(a), (b) or (c) of the Act and has not ceased to be a member of the association at any time after incorporation of the association under the Act; or
  - (b) the person is a natural person who —
    - (i) has been nominated for membership of the association as provided by rule 4; and
    - (ii) has been approved for membership fo the association by the committee of the Association.

**Nomination for Membership**

- 4. (1) A nomination of a person for membership of the association —
  - (a) shall be made by a member of the association in writing in the form set out in Appendix 1 to these rules; and
  - (b) shall be lodged with the secretary of the association.
  - (c) shall be accompanied by the sum payable under rule 9 (1) & (2) by a member as entrance fee and annual subscription
- (2) As soon as practicable after receiving a nomination for membership, the secretary shall refer the nomination to the committee which shall determine whether to approve or to reject the nomination.
- (3) Where the committee determines that a nomination for membership be rejected the secretary shall within 14 days;
  - (a) Advise the nominee of the rejection
  - (b) Refund any sum forwarded by the nominee in compliance with rule 4(1)(c)
- (4) Where the committee determines to approve a nomination the secretary shall enter the nominee's name in the register of

members and, upon the name being so entered, the nominee becomes a member of the association.

#### **Cessation of membership**

5. A person ceases to be a member of the association if the person —
- (a) dies;
  - (b) resigns that membership; or
  - (c) is expelled from the association; or
  - (d) Becomes unfinancial for a period exceeding 3 calendar months

#### **Membership entitlements not transferable**

6. A right, privilege or obligation which a person has by reason of being a member of the association —
- (a) is not capable of being transferred or transmitted to another person; and
  - (b) terminates upon cessation of the person's membership.

#### **Resignation of membership**

7. (1) A member of the association is not entitled to resign that membership except in accordance with this rule.
- (2) A member of the association who has paid all amounts payable by the member to the association in respect of the member's membership may resign from membership of the association by first giving notice (being not less than 1 month or not less than such other period as the committee may determine) in writing to the secretary of the member's intention to resign and, upon the expiration of the period of notice, the member ceases to be a member.
- (3) Where a member of the association ceases to be a member pursuant to clause (2), and in every other case where a member ceases to hold membership, the secretary shall make an appropriate entry in the register of members recording the date on which the member ceased to be a member.
- (4) Upon resignation from the association the member relinquishes all privileges, rights and membership entitlements

in respect of any scheme or project authorised by the Association.

#### **Register of Members**

8. (1) The public officer of the association shall establish and maintain a register of members of the association specifying the name and address of each person who is a member of the association together with the date on which the person became a member.
- (2) The register of members shall be kept at the principal place of administration of the association and shall be open for inspection, free of charge, by any member of the association at any reasonable hour.

#### **Fees, subscription, etc**

9. (1) A member of the association shall, upon application for membership, pay to the association a fee of \$1 or, where some other amount is determined by the committee, of that other amount.
- (2) In addition to any amount payable by the member under clause (1), a member of the association shall pay to the association an annual membership fee of \$2 or, where some other amount is determined by the committee, of that other amount —
- (a) except as provided by paragraph (b), before 1st July in each calendar year; or
  - (b) where the member becomes a member on or after 1st July in any calendar year — upon becoming a member and before 1st July in each succeeding calendar year.
- (3) In addition to any amount payable by the member under clauses (1) and (2) a member of the Association shall pay to the Association a levy of \$5 or, where some other amount is determined by the committee or sub committee, of that other amount for allocation to specific projects as determined by the committee or sub committee.
10. **Members' Liabilities**  
The liability of a member of the association to contribute towards the payment of the debts and liabilities of the association or the costs, charges and expenses of the winding up of



the association is limited to the amount, if any, unpaid by the member in respect of membership of the association as required by rule 9.

#### **MEMBERS INDEMNITY**

11. (1) Members shall waive any right of claim against other members of the Association in respect of bodily injury or property damage however sustained or caused and this waiver shall extend to executors, administrators and the estate of members excepting where a member holds a personal policy of insurance which may provide indemnity in respect of bodily injury or property damage in which case any claim shall be limited to such indemnity the underwriters of the personal policy of insurance may decide to provide after due consideration of the facts and circumstances of any incident which may give rise to a claim in respect of bodily injury or property damage.
- (2) Members shall indemnify the association in respect of all claims for bodily injury or property damage however sustained or caused and this waiver shall extend to executors administrators and the estate of members excepting where it can be demonstrated that such claims arose directly from;
- (a) Instructions or directions issued under seal of the association
  - (b) Instructions or directions issued by the committee of the association
  - (c) Instructions, directions or action by or from the president, vice president, junior vice president, secretary, treasurer or public officer of the association
  - (d) Instructions or directions issued by any sub committee
  - (e) Instructions, directions or action by or from the individual members forming any sub committee.

#### **12. LEAVE OF ABSENCE**

A member may make application to the Committee for leave of absence. Approval and conditions to be determined in each case by the Committee.

#### **13. RESPONSIBILITIES OF MEMBERS**

- (1) A member shall take all reasonable safety precautions when handling firearms at any club activity or in the field and ensure the safe keeping of any firearms during these activities.
- (2) Each member of the Club shall make himself familiar with the provisions of the Firearms Act and Regulations made thereunder in the State in which he resides.
- (3) Members shall at all times respect the property of others and do what they can to bring about a better understanding between hunters and the people who control the land, (farmers, graziers, Public Authorities and others).
- (4) Members will not shoot deer using a spotlight or from any mechanically powered vehicle, boat or aircraft unless special arrangements are made by the Committee.
- (5) Members will not course any species of deer with dogs in New South Wales.
- (6) Members shall at all times endeavour to improve their marksmanship and hunting skills in accordance with the highest ideals of good sportsmanship committing themselves to:
  - (a) Ensuring clean kills
  - (b) Recovering wounded game
  - (c) Respect of their hunting companions, the Quarry they hunt and the environment in which they hunt
  - (d) Only taking what game that can be used without waste
  - (e) Respect of any conservation efforts, bag limits and seasons
- (7) Members shall at no time expose to risk the good name of the Association.

#### **Disciplining of members**

14. (1) Where the committee is of the opinion that a member of the association —
- (a) has refused or neglected to comply with a provision or provisions of these rules; or
  - (b) has wilfully acted in a manner prejudicial to the interests of the association,

- the committee may, by resolution —
- (c) expel the member from the association; or
  - (d) suspend the member from membership of the association for a specified period.
- (2) A resolution of the committee under clause (1) is of no effect unless the committee, at a meeting held not earlier than 14 days and not later than 28 days after service on the member of a notice under clause (3), confirms the resolution in accordance with this rule.
  - (3) Where the committee passes a resolution under clause (1), the secretary shall, as soon as practicable, cause a notice in writing to be served on the member —
    - (a) setting out the resolution of the committee and the grounds on which it is based;
    - (b) stating that the member may address the committee at a meeting to be held not earlier than 14 days and not later than 28 days after service of the notice;
    - (c) stating the date, place and time of that meeting; and
    - (d) informing the member that the member may do either or both of the following: —
      - (i) attend and speak at that meeting;
      - (ii) submit to the committee at or prior to the date of that meeting written representations relating to the resolution.
  - (4) At a meeting of the committee held as referred to in clause (3), the committee shall —
    - (a) give to the member an opportunity to make oral representations;
    - (b) give due consideration to any written representations submitted to the committee by the member at or prior to the meeting; and
    - (c) by resolution determine whether to confirm or to revoke the resolution.
  - (5) Where the committee confirms a resolution under clause (4), the secretary shall, within 7 days after that confirmation, by notice in writing inform the member of the fact and of the member's right of appeal under rule 15.
  - (6) A resolution confirmed by the committee under clause (4) does not take effect —

- (a) until the expiration of the period within which the member is entitled to appeal against the resolution where the member does not exercise the right of appeal within that period; or
- (b) where within that period the member exercises the right of appeal, unless and until the association confirms the resolution pursuant to rule 15(4).

#### **Right of appeal of disciplined member**

15. (1) A member may appeal to the association in general meeting against a resolution of the committee which is confirmed under rule 14(4), within 7 days after notice of the resolution is served on the member, by lodging with the secretary a notice to that effect.
- (2) Upon receipt of a notice from a member under clause (1), the secretary shall notify the committee which shall convene a general meeting of the association to be held within 21 days after the date on which the secretary received the notice.
- (3) At a general meeting of the association convened under clause (2) —
  - (a) no business other than the question of the appeal shall be transacted;
  - (b) the committee and the member shall be given the opportunity to state their respective cases orally or in writing, or both; and
  - (c) the members present shall vote by secret ballot on the question of whether the resolution should be confirmed or revoked.
- (4) If at the general meeting the association passes a special resolution in favour of the confirmation of the resolution, the resolution is confirmed.

### **PART III THE COMMITTEE**

#### **Powers, etc., of committee**

16. The committee shall be called the committee of management of the association and, subject to the Act, the Regulation and these rules and to any resolution passed by the association in general meeting —



- (a) shall control and manage the affairs of the association;
- (b) may exercise all such functions as may be exercised by the association other than those functions that are required by these rules to be exercised by a general meeting of members of the association; and
- (c) has power to perform all such acts and do all such things as appear to the committee to be necessary or desirable for the proper management of the affairs of the association.

#### Constitution and membership

17. (1) Subject in the case of the first members of the committee to section 21 of the Act, the committee shall consist of the office bearers of the Association each of whom shall be elected at the annual general meeting of the association pursuant to rule 18.
- (2) The office-bearer of the association shall be —
- (a) the president;
  - (b) the vice-president;
  - (c) the junior vice president;
  - (d) the treasurer; and
  - (e) the secretary.
- (3) Each member of the committee shall, subject to these rules, hold office until the conclusion of the annual general meeting following the date of the member's election, but is eligible for re-election.
- (4) In the event of a casual vacancy occurring in the membership of the committee, the committee may appoint a member of the association to fill the vacancy and the member so appointed shall hold office, subject to these rules, until the conclusion of the annual general meeting next following the date of the appointment.

#### Election of members

18. (1) Nominations of candidates for election as office-bearers of the association or as ordinary members of the committee —
- (a) shall be made in writing, signed by 2 members of the association and accompanied by the written consent

- of the candidate (which may be endorsed on the form of nomination); and
  - (b) shall be delivered to the secretary of the association not less than 28 days before the date fixed for the holding of the annual general meeting at which the election is to take place.
- (2) If insufficient nominations are received to fill all vacancies on the committee, the candidates nomination shall be deemed to be elected and further nominations shall be received at the annual general meeting.
- (3) If insufficient further nominations are received, any vacant positions remaining on the committee shall be deemed to be casual vacancies.
- (4) If the number of nominations received is equal to the number of vacancies to be filled, the persons nominated shall be deemed to be elected.
- (5) If the number of nominated received exceeds the number of vacancies to be filled, a ballot shall be held.
- (6) The ballot for the election of office-bearers and ordinary members of the committee shall be conducted at the annual general meeting in such usual and proper manner as the committee may direct.
- (7) A nomination of a candidate for election under this clause is not valid if that candidate has been nominated for election to another office at the same election.

#### Secretary

19. (1) The Secretary of the association shall, as soon as practicable after being appointed as secretary, lodge notice with the association of his or her address.
- (2) It is the duty of the secretary to keep minutes of —
- (a) all appointments of office-bearers and members of the committee;
  - (b) the names of members of the committee present at a committee meeting or a general meeting; and
  - (c) all proceedings at committee meetings and general meetings.
- (3) Minutes of proceedings at a meeting shall be signed by

the chairperson of the meeting or by the chairperson of the next succeeding meeting.

#### **Treasurer**

20. It is the duty of the treasurer of the association to ensure that —

- (a) all money due to the association is collected and received and that all payments authorised by the association are made; and
- (b) correct books and accounts are kept showing the financial affairs of the association including full details of all receipts and expenditure connected with the activities of the association.

#### **Casual vacancies**

21. For the purpose of these rules, a casual vacancy in the office of a member of the committee occurs if the member —

- (a) dies;
- (b) ceases to be a member of the association;
- (c) becomes an insolvent under administration within the meaning of the Companies (New South Wales) Code;
- (d) resigns office by notice in writing giving to the secretary;
- (e) is removed from office under rule 22;
- (f) becomes of unsound mind or a person whose person or estate is liable to be dealt with in any way under the law relating to mental health; or
- (g) is absent within the consent of the committee from all meetings of the committee held during a period of 6 months.

#### **Removal of member**

22. (1) The association in general meeting may by resolution remove any member of the committee from the office of member before the expiration of the member's term of office and may by resolution appoint another person to hold office until the expiration of the term of office of the member so removed.

- (2) Where a member of the committee to whom a proposed resolution referred to in clause (1) relates makes repre-

sentations in writing to the secretary or president (not exceeding a reasonable length) and requests that the representations be notified to the members of the association, the secretary or the president may send a copy of the representations to each member of the association, or where they are not so sent, the member is entitled to require that the representations be read out at the meeting at which the resolution is considered.

#### **MEETINGS AND QUORUM**

23. (1) The committee shall meet at least 3 times in each period of 12 months at such place and time as the committee may determine.

- (2) Additional meetings of the committee may be convened by the president or by any member of the committee.

- (3) Oral or written notice of a meeting of the committee shall be given by the secretary to each member of the committee at least 48 hours (or such other period as may be unanimously agreed upon by the members of the committee) before the time appointed for the holding of the meeting.

- (4) Notice of a meeting given under clause (3) shall specify the general nature of the business to be transacted at the meeting and no business other than that business shall be transacted at the meeting, except business which the committee members present at the business which the committee members present at the meeting unanimously agree to treat as urgent business.

- (5) Any 3 members of the committee constitute a quorum for the transaction of the business of a meeting of the committee.

- (6) No business shall be transacted by the committee unless a quorum is present and if within half an hour of the time appointed for the meeting a quorum is not present the meeting stands adjourned to the same place and at the same hour of the same day in the following week.

- (7) If at the adjourned meeting a quorum is not present within half an hour of the time appointed for the meeting, the meeting shall be dissolved.



- (8) At a meeting of the committee —
  - (a) the president or, in the president's absence, the vice-president shall preside; or
  - (b) if the president and the vice-president are absent or unwilling to act as such one of the remaining members of the committee as may be chosen by the members present at the meeting shall preside.

#### Delegation by committee to sub-committee

24. (1) The Committee may, by instrument in writing, delegate to one or more sub-committees (consisting of such member or members of the association as the committee thinks fit) the exercise of such of the functions of the committee as are specified in the instrument, other than —
  - (a) this power of delegation; and
  - (b) a function which is a duty imposed on the committee by the Act or by any other law.
- (2) A function the exercise of which has been delegated to a sub-committee under this rule may, while the delegation remains unrevoked, be exercised from time to time by the sub-committee in accordance with the terms of the delegation.
- (3) A delegation under this section may be made subject to such conditions or limitations as to the exercise of any function the subject thereof, or as to time or circumstances, as may be specified to exercise any function delegated.
- (4) Notwithstanding any delegation under this rule, the committee may continue to exercise any function delegated.
- (5) Any act or thing done or suffered by a sub-committee acting in the exercise of a delegation under this rule has the same force and effect as it would have if it had been done or suffered by the Committee.
- (6) The committee may, by instrument in writing, revoke wholly or in part any delegation under this rule.
- (7) A sub-committee may meet and adjourn as it thinks proper.

#### Voting and decisions

25. (1) Questions arising at a meeting of the committee or of any sub-committee appointed by the committees shall be determined by a majority of the votes of members of the committee or sub-committee present at the meeting.
- (2) Each committee member present at a meeting of the committee or of any sub-committee appointed by the committee (including the person presiding at the meeting) is entitled to one vote but, in the event of an equality of votes on any question, the person presiding may exercise a second or casting vote.
- (3) Subject to rule 23(5), the committee may act notwithstanding any vacancy on the committee.
- (4) Any act or thing done or suffered, or purporting to have been done or suffered, by the committee or by a sub-committee appointed by the committee, is valid and effectual notwithstanding any defect that may afterwards be discovered in the appointment or qualification of any member of the committee or sub-committee.

### PART IV GENERAL MEETINGS

#### Annual general meetings — holding of

26. (1) With the exception of the first annual general meeting of the association, the association shall, at least once in each calendar year and within the period of 6 months after the expiration of each financial year of the association, convene an annual general meeting of its members.
- (2) The association shall hold its first annual general meeting —
  - (a) within the period of 18 months after its incorporation under the Act; and
  - (b) within the period of 2 months after the expiration of the first financial year of the association.
- (3) Clauses (1) and (2) have effect subject to any extension or permission granted by the Commission under section 26(3) of the Act.

**Annual general meetings — calling of and business at**

27. (1) The annual general meeting of the association shall, subject to the Act and to rule 26, be convened on such date and at such place and time as the committee thinks fit.
- (2) In addition to any other business which may be transacted at an annual general meeting, the business of an annual general meeting shall be —
- (a) to confirm the minutes of the last preceding annual general meeting and of any special general meeting held since that meeting;
  - (b) to receive from the committee reports under the activities of the association during the last preceding financial year;
  - (c) to elect office-bearers of the association;
  - (d) to receive and consider the statement which is required to be submitted to members pursuant to section 26(6) of the Act.
- (3) An annual general meeting shall be specified as such in the notice convening it.

**Special general meetings — calling of**

28. (1) The committee may, whenever it thinks fit, convene a special general meeting of the association.
- (2) The committee shall, on the requisition in writing of not less than 10 per cent of the total number of members, convene a special general meeting of the association.
- (3) A requisition of members for a special general meeting —
- (a) shall state the purpose or purposes of the meeting;
  - (b) shall be signed by the members making the requisitions;
  - (c) shall be lodged with the secretary; and
  - (d) may consist of several documents in a similar form, each signed by one or more of the members making the requisition.
- (4) If the committee fails to convene a special general meeting to be held within 1 month after the date on which a requisition of members for the meeting is lodged with the secretary, any one or more of the members who made the

requisition may convene a special general meeting to be held not later than 3 months after that date.

- (5) A special general meeting convened by a member or members as referred to in clause (4) shall be convened as nearly as is practicable in the same manner as general meetings are convened by the committee.

**Notice**

29. (1) Except where the nature of the business proposed to be dealt with at a general meeting requires a special resolution of the association, the secretary shall, at least 14 days before the date fixed for the holding of the general meeting, cause to be sent by pre-paid post to each member at the member's address appearing in the register of members, a notice specifying the place, date and time of the meeting and the nature of the business proposed to be transacted at the meeting.
- (2) Where the nature of the business proposed to be dealt with at a general meeting requires a special resolution of the association the secretary shall, at least 21 days before the date fixed for the holding of the general meeting, cause notice to be sent to each member in the manner provided in clause (1) specifying, in addition to the matter required under clause (1), the intention to propose the resolution as a special resolution.
- (3) No business other than that specified in the notice convening a general meeting shall be transacted at the meeting except, in the case of an annual general meeting, business which may be transacted pursuant to rule 27(2).
- (4) A member desiring to bring any business before a general meeting may give notice in writing of the business to the secretary who shall include that business in the next notice calling a general meeting given after receipt of the notice from the member.

**Procedure**

30. (1) No item of business shall be transacted at a general meeting unless a quorum of members entitled under these rules to vote is present during the time the meeting is considering that item.



- (2) Five members present in person (being members entitled under these rules to vote at a general meeting) constituting a quorum for the transaction of the business of a general meeting.
- (3) If within half an hour after the appointed time for the commencement of a general meeting a quorum is not present, the dissolved and in any other case shall stand adjourned to the same day in the following week at the time and (unless another place is specified at the time of the adjournment by the person presiding at the meeting or communicated by written notice to members given before the day to which the meeting is adjourned) at the same place.
- (4) If at the adjourned meeting a quorum is not present within half an hour after the time appointed for the commencement of the meeting, the members present (being not less than 3) shall constitute a quorum.

#### **Presiding member**

31. (1) The president or, in the president's absence, the vice-president, shall preside as chairperson at each general meeting of the association.
- (2) If the president and the vice-president are absent from a general meeting or unwilling to act, the members present shall elect one of their number to preside as chairperson at the meeting.

#### **Adjournment**

32. (1) The chairperson of a general meeting at which a quorum is present may, with the consent of the majority of members present at the meeting, adjourn the meeting from time to time and place to place, but no business shall be transacted at an adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting at which the adjournment took place.
- (2) Where a general meeting is adjourned for 14 days or more, the secretary shall give written or oral notice of the adjourned meeting to each member of the association stating the place, date and time of the meeting and the nature of the business to be transacted at the meeting.

- (3) Except as provided in clauses (1) and (2), notice of an adjournment of a general meeting or of the business to be transacted at an adjournment meeting is not required to be given.

#### **Making of decisions**

33. (1) A question arising at a general meeting of the association shall be determined on a show of hands and, unless before or on the declaration of the show of hands a poll is demanded, a declaration by the chairperson that a resolution has, on show of hands, been carried or carried unanimously or carried by a particular majority or lost, or an entry to that effect in the minute book of the association, is evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against that resolution.
- (2) At a general meeting of the association, a poll may be demanded by the chairperson or by not less than 10 members present in person at the meeting.
- (3) Where a poll is demanded at a general meeting, the poll shall be taken —
  - (a) immediately in the case of a poll which relates to the election of the chairperson of the meeting or to the question of an adjournment; or
  - (b) in any other case, in such manner and at such time before the close of the meeting as the chairperson directs, and the resolution of the poll on the matter shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting on that matter.

#### **Special resolution**

34. A resolution of the association is a special resolution if —
  - (a) it is passed by a majority which comprises not less than three-quarters of such members of the association as, being entitled under these rules so to do, vote in person at a general meeting of which not less than 21 days' written notice specifying the intention to propose the resolution as a special resolution was given in accordance with these rules; or
  - (b) where it is made to appear to the Commission that it is not possible or practicable for the resolution to be

passed in the manner specified in paragraph (a) — the resolution is passed in a manner specified by the Commission.

**Voting**

35. (1) Upon any question arising at a general meeting of the association a member has one vote only.
- (2) All votes shall be given in person.
- (3) In the case of an equality of votes on a question at a general meeting, the chairperson of the meeting is entitled to exercise a second or casting vote.

**Appointment of proxies**

36. (1) Members are entitled to vote in person only and the nomination of proxies will not be accepted.

**PART V MISCELLANEOUS****Insurance**

37. (1) The association shall effect and maintain insurance pursuant to section 44 of the Act.
- (2) In addition to the insurance required under clause (1), the association may effect and maintain other insurance.

**Funds — source**

38. (1) The funds of the association shall be derived from entrance fees and annual subscription of members, donations, levies and, subject to any resolution passed by the association in general meeting, such other sources as the committee determines.
- (2) All money received by the association shall be deposited as soon as practicable and without deduction to the credit of the association's bank account.





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